

## Penal Substitutionary Atonement

<sup>21</sup> *From that time Jesus began to show His disciples that He must go to Jerusalem, and suffer many things from the elders and chief priests and scribes, and be killed, and be raised up on the third day. Matt 16:21*

**A. The Atonement is the work Christ did in His \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ to earn our salvation.**

**B. Imputation means to \_\_\_\_\_ from one person to another.**

**1. Adam's sin was imputed (belongs) to all mankind. (Rom. 5:12-21)**

**2. Man's sin was imputed (belongs) to Christ on the Cross. (II Cor. 5:21; Isa. 53:5)**

**3. Christ's \_\_\_\_\_ is imputed (belongs) to the believer at the moment of faith. (Rom. 5:19)**

**C. The work Christ did in \_\_\_\_\_ to earn our salvation.**

**1. If Jesus had only earned forgiveness of sins, that would \_\_\_\_\_ us into heaven.**

**2. It is not moral \_\_\_\_\_ that we need, but a positive moral \_\_\_\_\_.**  
(Phil. 3:9)

**3. Jesus had to live a life of perfect \_\_\_\_\_ in order to earn righteousness for us. (I Cor. 1:30; Rom. 5:19)**

**D. The New Testament emphasizes the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ's sacrifice. (Heb. 9:25-28; Isa. 53:11; I Pt. 3:18)**

**E. In communion we celebrate the fact that we have been brought back into \_\_\_\_\_ with God. (II Cor. 5:17-19; Heb. 10:19)**

**1. This fellowship \_\_\_\_\_ only when we acknowledge and \_\_\_\_\_ of our sins. (I Cor. 11:27-30)**